

IATA International Air Transport Association

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IATA and the Scheduling Process

- Schedules Conferences held since 1947.
- → To improve interline connections and handling arrangements for both passengers and cargo.
- Scope broadened in 1960s to include Slot Coordination due to increasing congestion.
- ✓ Worldwide Scheduling Guidelines (WSG), first issued in 1976.
- European Regulation modelled on but not identical to WSG



Challenges with EU Regulation

- → It doesn't address the real problem:
 - Lack of airport infrastructure and capacity.
- → It still hasn't been implemented in full:
 - Unjustified Level 3 declarations.
 - Missing capacity analysis and coordination committees.
 - Inconsistent application of use-it or lose-it.
 - Lacking full independence and transparency.
 - 'No-slot' flights continue



Business Aviation

- → Shares the problem:
 - Lack of airport infrastructure and capacity.
- → But also, the ad-hoc nature of operations means:
 - Difficult to secure Historical Preference,
 - Difficult to comply with use-it or lose-it rules,
 - Planning & scheduling takes place much closer to the day



Possible Solutions?

- → IATA not opposed to finding solutions provided:
 - Doesn't result in a loss of existing historic slots,
 - Doesn't limit future growth
 - → Applied consistently at all congested airports (not just in Europe!)
- Observatory on Capacity is already considering the matter.